

Cisco Packet Tracer與 Switch設定

計算機網路 computer network



- 了解Packet Tracer使用環境
- 認識各種網路元件
- · 熟悉Switch
- · 實作管理型Switch的IP設定



- ・1.至Cisco網頁申請帳號並下載Packet Tracer
- ・2.實作Packet Tracer 網管型Switch的IP設定
- ·3.回答題目問題

Packet Tracer 简介

- 由Cisco開發的路由配置模擬器
- · 主要用於培訓和教育
- · Cisco路由指令極多,但Packet Tracer主能模擬部分 功能
- URL : <u>https://www.netacad.com/courses/packet-tracer-download/</u>

安裝Packet Tracer

- 1.至 <u>https://www.netacad.com/courses/packet-tracer-download/</u>點選下方 Download
 PS.有會員的請先上方Log In
- •2.沒會員的請右邊申請帳號並註冊Packet Tracer課程 程,有會員的直接註冊Packet Tracer課程
- 3.根據使用的作業系統選擇下載(只有Windows, Linux)

Packet Tracer使用教學

- •請下載此教學PTT
- <u>https://goo.gl/y53xsM</u>

陷運招 天



選取一個Router (型 號1841) 2個Switch (型號 2950-24) 2個PC



Physical Config Desktop Attributes	Software/Services		Physical Config Desktop	Attributes Software/Serv	ices		G
Physical Config Desktop Attributes MODULES WMP300N PT-HOST-NM-1AM PT-HOST-NM-1CE PT-HOST-NM-1CFE PT-HOST-NM-1FFE PT-HOST-NM-1FFE PT-HOST-NM-1W-A PT-HOST-NM-3G/4G PT-HEADPHONE PT-MICROPHONE	Software/Services Physical Devic Zoom In Original S 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定 位定	re View ize Zoom Out 健單黑的CO 異上方Desktoo ^{Customize} Ioon in Logical View	Physical Config Desktop	Attributes Software/Servers	ices Ferminal Configue Terminal Configue Configue Terminal Configue Terminal	Command Prompt ALION WIB Browser MIB Browser Firewall	Image: Constraint of the second s
	LANT		Config Desktop A	Attributes Software/Services			
Physical Config Desktop Attributes	Software/Services		IP Configuration				x
IP Configuration IP Configuration		د ا	IP Configuration				
O DHCP	 Static 	\$	O DHCP	Static			
IP Address			IP Address	192.168.1.	1		
Subnet Mask			Subnet Mask	255.255.25	5.0		
Default Gateway			Default Gateway	192.168.1.3	254		
DNS Server			IPv6 Configuration				
	uto Config 💿 Static		OHCP	O Auto Config	 Static 		
IPv6 Address			ress				/
Link Local Address	FE80::260:2FFF:FE1D:C118		cal Address	FE80::260:	2FFF:FE1D:C118		
IPv6 Gateway			Pv6 Gateway				
IP	address 192	2.168.1.1					
Cuhm	ot Moole 25	5 255 255 0	シルビ			コク日主几	
Subili	U IVIASK ZJ.).233.233.0	可让	こ元PUL	儿安司	口行议	上PUL

🗌 Top

Default Gateway 192.168.1.254

2

Physical Config CLI Attributes	Physical Config CLI Attributes 聖白握 一方 Config
MODULES A Physical Device View	GLOBAL Global Settings
HWIC-2T Zoom In Original Size Zoom Out	Settings
HWIC-4ESW	Algorithm Settings Display Name Router0
HWIC-AP-AG-B	ROUTING Hostname Router
WIC-1AM	RIP NVRAM Erase Save
WIC-IENET	SWITCHING Startup Config Load Export
WIC-IT 万键单新Router()	VLAN Database Running Config Export Merge
WIC-2AM	INTERFACE FestEthemetD/D
WIC-21	Paste die file to/o
Physical Config CLI Attributes	al Config CLI Attributes
GLOBAL ^ FastEthemet0/0	GLOBAL
Settings Port Status	Settings Port Status On
Algorithm Settings Bandwidth 💿 100 Mbps 🖸 10 Mbps 🗹 At	Algorithm Settings Bandwidth 💿 100 Mbps 🕐 10 Mbps 🗹 Auto
ROUTING Duplex O Half Duplex O Full Duplex At	ROUTING Duplex Half Duplex Full Duplex Auto
RIP IP Configuration	RIP IP Configuration
SWITCHING ID Address	VITCHING ID Address 100 160 1 054
VLAN Database Subnet Mask	VLAN Database Subnet Mask 255 255 255 0
INTERFACE	INTERFACE
FastEthemetO/1 Tx Ring Limit 10	FastEthemet0/0 Tx Ring Limit 10
	ID address 102 168 1 25/
型上報士場的FactEthernet()()	II audicos 172.100.1.204
二元本/L/运HJI aSLLIIUIU/U	Subnet Mark 255 255 255 0
Equivalent IOS Commands	Equivalent IOS Commands
	Proce DETURN to get started!
Press RETURN to get started!	Fress KEIORN to get started!
	Router>enable
Router>enable Router#configure terminal	Router#configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.	Router(config) #interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if) # Router(config-if) #	Router(config-if) #1p address 192.168.1.254 255.255.255.0

🗌 Тор



·以上是先將IP設定好。

·以上步驟也可以使用Cisco的指令去完成。(我們可以發現在設定的過程中,下方的Commands欄也會出現對應的指令)



- ・模式切換指令
- 不同的模式代表不同的用途和權限等級,而各種
 不同的模式切換有其關聯性,並不能隨意從任意
 兩者之間來切換



- User mode -> Privileged Model
- Privileged mode -> User Model





• Privileged Model -> Global Configuration Model



Global Configuration Model -> Privileged Model

```
Switch(config)#
Switch(config)#^Z
Switch#
```

• Global Configuration Model -> Interface Configuration Model

Interface Configuration Model -> Global Configuration Model

```
Switch(config) #int fa0/1
Switch(config-if) #exit
Switch(config) #
```

•

設定Switch的管理IP

- ·Switch一般來說可以分成網管型和非網管型的Switch。而網管型的Switch又可以分為L2和L3的。
- 網管型: 指內建許多可調整的功能選項
- 非網管型:沒有內建任何管理性功能
- 而Cisco的Switch大多為網管型

- · 網管型的Switch有些可以用telnet, http的方式對它進行設定, 而那將會用到telnet 跟 http
- ·因此適必就一定需要設定一個 IP address,這樣才可以透過 telnet or brower 來進行設定

Compiled Wed 18-May-05 22:31 by jharirba

Press RETURN to get started!

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up

進入特權模式

Switch>en Switch#sh in int br

SWITCHA

顯示Switch的介面

PATACHABH TA THA PT	102 X 1 12 11 11 11			
Interface	IP-Address	OK? Meth	od Status	Protocol
FastEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES manu	al up	up
FastEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES manu	al up	up
FastEthernet0/3	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/4	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/5	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/6	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/7	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/8	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/9	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/10	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/11	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/12	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/13	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/14	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/15	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/16	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/17	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/18	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/19	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/20	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/21	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/22	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/23	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
FastEthernet0/24	unassigned	YES manu	al down	down
Vlanl	unassigned	YES manu	al administrativ	ely down down

裡面有實體的介面 也有虛擬的介面

Switch#conf t 進入全垣	設定		
Enter configuration c	ommands, one pe	r line. End	with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) #int fa	o/2 進入FastEther	net0/2的port	
Switch(config-if) #ip	• 透過"IP?" 手	这們可以發現沒	有設定IP的指令
dhcp Configure DHC	P parameters fo	r this inter	face
Switch(config-if) #ip			
% Incomplete command.			
Switch(config-if) #int	vlan 2		
Switch(config-if)#do	h ip ine br		
Interface	IP-Address	OK? Metho	d Status
Protocol			
FastEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES manua	l up
up			
FastEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES manua	l up
up	22		
FastEthernet0/3	unassigned	YES manua	l down
down			
FastEthernet0/4	unassigned	YES manua	l down
down			
FastEthernet0/5	unassigned	YES manua	l down
down			
FastEthernet0/6	unassigned	YES manua	l down
down	22		
FastEthernet0/7	unassigned	YES manua	l down
down			

雖然說此處有保留IP的欄位 但我們進入實體介面 我們可以發現並沒有IP可以設定 理論上Switch還是可以設IP 但不是在實體介面設定 而是要在Vlan的介面上去做設定 (Switch的虛擬介面)

Physical	Config	CLI	Attributes
			IOS Command Line Interface
Switch	(config)	#int f	a0/2
Switch	(config-	if) #ip	2
dhcp	Config	ure DH	CP parameters for this interface
Switch	(config-	if) #in	t vlan 2 建立一個新的Vlan
Switch	(config-	if)#do	sh ip int br 顯示Switch的介面

		IOS Co	ommand Li	ine Interface	
Switch(config) #int	fa0/2				
Switch(config-if)#ip	p ?				
dhcp Configure D	HCP parameters fo	r this	interfa	ace	
Switch(config-if)#in	nt vlan 2				
Switch(config-if)#do	o sh ip int br				
Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
FastEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	manual	up	up
FastEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	manual	up	up
FastEthernet0/3	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/4	unassigned	YES	manual	dowh	down
FastEthernet0/5	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/6	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/7	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/8	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/9	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/10	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/11	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/12	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/13	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/14	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/15	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/16	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/17	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/18	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/19	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/20	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/21	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/22	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/23	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
FastEthernet0/24	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down
71an1	unassigned	VES	manual	administratively down	down
/lan2	unassigned	YES	manual	down	down

Сору

Paste

可以發現新的介面被建立起來了 而我們也要在上面去輸入IP

🗌 Тор

這邊我們使用Vlan 1的介面去設定IP

```
Switch (config-if) #
Switch(config-if) #
Switch(config-if) #
Switch(config-if) #int vlan 1 進入Vlan 1的介面
Switch(config-if) #no sh 先把它啟動(預設是關閉)
Switch(config-if) #
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlanl, changed
state to up
Switch(config-if) #ip ? 此時我們透過 "ip?" 的指令,發現可以輸入IP了
  address
                 Set the IP address of an interface
 helper-address Specify a destination address for UDP
broadcasts
                        這邊我們輸入管理的IP和其子網路遮罩
Switch(config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.15 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if) #
Switch(config-if) #
```

這樣就完成Switch上的IP設定了

接著我們點選PC0 透過Desktop裡的Command Prompt 去ping Switch的管理IP 可以發現可以成功Ping到

C:\>ping 192.168.1.15

Pinging 192.168.1.15 with 32 bytes of data:

```
Reply from 192.168.1.15: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
```

```
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.15:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

- •1.請將PC1的部分,實作完並截圖下來(透過介面設定或是輸入指令均可)
- 2.請嘗試用PC1的電腦去ping Switch的管理IP, 我們會發現無法ping到。
 (1)請解釋為何無法ping到
 (2)請將解決方法實做出來(截圖即可)
 (Hint)在Global Configuration Model在層下"ip?"(中間有空格) 可以找到指令去做



<u>https://youtu.be/cxuTa0FoG1Y</u>

當PC1的電腦可以ping到Switch時,我們可以透過 Telnet指令來連到Switch

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.15 Trying 192.168.1.15 ...Open

[Connection to 192.168.1.15 closed by foreign host] C:\>

但因為Cisco Switch保護的機制,我們還需要設定 Telnet的密碼

至Switch的第二層模式輸入 line vey 0 4 password 1234 (1234為設定的密碼) Login

Switch(config)#line vty 0 4 Switch(config-line)#password 1234 Switch(config-line)#logging % Incomplete command. Switch(config-line)#log Switch(config-line)#log Switch(config-line)#log in Switch(config-line)#log in % Ambiguous command: "log in" Switch(config-line)#login Switch(config-line)#login

C:\>telnet 192.168.1.15 Trying 192.168.1.15 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:

Switch>

Switch>





·3.請完成最終密碼設定,並截圖下來(如上一頁投影片的兩張圖)

•4.在此次實作,運用到了vlan和telnet。請簡單介紹 vlan和telnet是什麼。並說明他們的優點和其原因。



<u>https://youtu.be/sQ_hvB8kKPI</u>

作業

- ・請使用pdf檔繳交作業
- ・說明:
 - •1.封面(斑級、學號、姓名). EX:106XXXXX(學號)_Lab3。
 - •2.請回答上述問題,將答案截圖貼上,並做上說明。
 - ·3.實驗心得(約100字)。
- ·請將問題答案和圖示標示清楚,以利助教批改。
- ·請將作業上傳至ftp。如果無法上傳,可將作業email給助教。
- email : zxc95452@gmail.com
- · 有任何問題都可以email給助教或是FB私訊。